Pre College: Digital Filmmaking and Motion Graphics Mon-Fri 9-4, three week intensive Alexander Reyna 718 930-5690 zander@alexanderreyna.com www.alexanderreyna.com

Students in this class will learn to create thoughtful video and effects, using specific theoretical and software techniques through instruction and individual practice.

This is not a technical video editing and effects course, rather the purpose of this class is to give students a full understanding of the specific theory and ideas which come into play with time based visual imagery as well as give students the specific technical training to create compelling content. In addition, students will be asked to begin thinking like artists to pursue their own aesthetic sense.

Attendance/Homework/Grading Policy:

Attendance:

Attendance is absolutely important in this course. If you have unauthorized absences you will fail the course. Authorized absences can only include such things as sickness or family emergency.

Homework:

Homework will be given on a per class basis and may or may not be in class or a take home assignment. It will directly reflect upon what is covered in class but will encourage that the student investigating issues more deeply than dealt with in the classroom.

Backups:

All project work completed over the course of the summer session must be archived. SVA servers are not a reliable place to store data and may be deleted. As a result, it is recommended that students purchase a portable firewire drive or make frequent CD/DVD burns. Please note that excuses for missing homework will not be accepted.

It is the student's responsibility to keep up to date with the class, both in terms of homework assignments given and weekly topics. I will not cover material more than once.

Grading:

30% class participation 50% final assignment 20% attendance

Course Materials:

Firewire hard-drive (optional but highly recommended)

2 DV tapes

sketchbook and pencils

storyboard materials (http://www.schoolhousevideo.org/Pages/Storyboards.html)

Reference Materials (suggested):

Compositing and Visual Effects:

After Effects in Production: A Companion for Creating Motion Graphics, Cris Meyer (3rd edition) Creating Motion Graphics with After Effects, Trish and Cris Meyer (3rd edition) Motion Graphics:Graphic Design for Broadcast and Film, Steve Curran

Editing and Videography:

Final Cut Pro HD: Editing Professional Video, Diana Weynand, Peachpit Press The Digital Filmmaking Handbook-3rd Edition, Ben Long and Sonja Schenk

Stock Libraries:

Audio:

http://findsounds.com/

http://www.freeplaymusic.com/

http://freesound.iua.upf.edu/index.php

Images:

http://www.archive.org/details/prelinger www.google.com www.imageafter.com

Week One

Class #1:

Web:

http://mith2.umd.edu/clients/mlifton/rosebud old/Glossary/index.html

Theory:

An Introduction to the class A quick discussion about the medium An Introduction to timebased thinking Terminology+Video standards Art vs. Commerce

Technique:

After Effects-a digital fx guide Final Cut Pro-An introduction to the editing process Photoshop-2d digital manipulation

"Writing with images"-How does the written word differ from the image

In Class Assignment #1:

Part #1:

The film editor Carol Litteton described the act of editing as similar to writing: "You become a writer, but you're writing with images..." Using this idea as a starting point, students will be asked to write a short one to two paragraph piece which depicts a meaningful occurrence. Once they've done this, students will draw a series of pictures which describe the story but use no words. How do these two different mediums differ and how are they similar.

What is a treatment? What is a storyboard?

Part #2:

Hollywood Structure.

If you've watched any blockbuster film you've probably noticed that most films follow a typical structure which helps to move the story along. This structure is called the 3-act structure and is as follows:

Act 1:The beginning (20-30 minutes) \rightarrow Act 2: The middle (40-50 minutes) \rightarrow Act 3: The End (20 minutes).

Using your previous in class exercise, flesh out the visual depiction of the story you've written to create three distinct acts. Where is the story established? What happens if the 3 act structure goes wrong?

The Kuleshov Effect-making sense of sequenced images

In Class Assignment #2:

Lev Kuleshov's experiment demonstrated that when separate images were shown in sequence, humans tend to construct a narrative around the event in an attempt to create meaning.

Students will use digital camera to capture a series of related, or unrelated digital pictures. Once these pictures have been digitized, students will construct meaningful and interesting narratives out of a variety of different source footage to create a visual narrative.

Class #2:

Web:

Theory:

The pipeline: Pre-Production→Production→Post-Production

An Introduction to editing-Understanding the visual language of moving pictures.

Continuity editing vs. Montage editing

Technique:

Final Cut Pro-Day 2

Creating Meaning

In Class Assignment #3:

Part #1:

Editing can be thought of as the act of creating visual meaning out of distinct but separate pieces. Using precompiled footage from Battlestar Galactica, students will create a short, edited piece using the 3 act structure, which tells a compelling story. This will be edited together in FCP and exported as a QuickTime movie.

Part #2:

Using the treatment from NYPD Blue episode #119:Grime Scene students will do the following:

- 1. Review the footage and treatment to see which elements fit best.
- 2. Construct a well edited piece, using the raw footage, which best illustrates the treatment direction.

Remember that since this footage is raw and unedited, students will need to make good decisions on which footage to use to support the treatment.

Class #3:

Web:

http://www.kenstone.net/fcp homepage/log capture workflow.html

Theory:

Digital Video Standards

An Introduction to working with Digital Video Cameras

Technique:

What is Video

Video Standards and Aspect Ratio (NTSC, HDV, HD1080)

Frame Rate and Pixel Size

An Introduction to Codecs

An Introduction to Codec

Working with a Camera

Digitizing Footage-Log and Capture process

Setting up a shot

In Class Assignment #4:

The production process starts with a script and storyboards, leads to a shot list, and ends with locations where the shoot takes place on.

Students will break into groups, create a short treatment and script which tells a succinct story and uses real world circumstances (no aliens or giant robots please), storyboard and plan the shot list and begin filming on location. The location will be provided for the students in advance.

Part #2

Log and Capture

Working with the previous exercise footage, students will log, capture, and edit their digitized footage into final form.

Class #4:

Web:

 $http://communication.utexas.edu/technology/knowledgebase/finalcutpro/PROD_000935.html\\ \underline{http://docs.info.apple.com/article.html?artnum=300775}$

http://www.andersschroder.com/boards.html

Theory:

Input/output-getting files into other software

Technique:

Exporting movies Print to Video

Introduction to the scope and goals of the final project

Project Development

In class assignment #5:

In this assignment, students will begin to think conceptually about their final project and begin to define the overall requirements and needs for the shoot. Students will begin to develop the following:

- Script
- Storyboard
- Shot List
- Treatment
- Production schedule

Students will need to complete the required elements and will pitch the idea to the class on day #5.

Class #5:

Pitching the Project-In class presentation of initial student ideas for the scope of the summer project. We will discuss the projects and try to find places where we can simplify or remove problems in the production.

Web:

http://www.voutube.com/watch?v=OkraDXWdib0

http://media34b.libsyn.com/podcasts/a84068b9c92b742d74597317f34cacec/468cf44d/idlemindspodcast/iz zyvideo56big.mp4

Theory:

An Introduction to studio lighting

The art of lighting

Technique:

3 Point lighting in practice Lighting in the real world

In class assignment #6:

Part #1

Students will explore lighting in an exterior environment using what light is available in the immediate environment. Where do problems arise?

Part #2

The second part of the in class assignment will be to use light kits in a controlled interior environment to create interesting and engaging 3 point studio lighting. Remember that the three parts of the 3 point system are as follows:

Key-Defines the overall light color of the shot and gives the subject a "lit" look

Fill-Lightens dark areas and decreases contrast

Back-Separates the foreground character or objects from the background

Week Two

Class #6:

Shot Day-

Reviewing the scope of the final projects including shotlist and concept ideas, students will plan, shoot and capture footage for all aspects of their project.

Class #7:

Web:

creativecow.com highend3d.com motionographer.com nycmg.org http://www.aiga.org/

http://www.aiga.org/resources/content/1/7/3/images/designis_en.mpg

Theory:

Effects, Motion Graphics, and Design

What are digital Effects?

After Effects+Shake+Commotion+Combustion+Motion+Photoshop+others

Technique:

Understanding digital workflow

Files coming in—Files coming out

Creating Compositions/ Importing Footage Files

Modifying size, time, and other options within a composition.

Interpreting footage (alpha channels)

Understanding Alpha channels (how to use them and how to make them)

Introduction to keyframing and effects

Layer properties Keyframes + keyframe types

Motion paths Interpolation

Value graphs+speed

A crash course to rendering in 2d

In Class Assignment #7:

Design as persuasion- students will conceptualize a short piece to create an engaging visual narrative with a specific persuasive theme and visual style. Use any specific artist tool you'd like to use including pencil, paper, photography, scanned imagery, or other items. Remember the point of this exercise is to use visual imagery to engage and persuade the viewer into a specific viewpoint.

Class #8:

Web:

brandnewschool.com eyeballnyc.com http://fueldesign.com/ http://www.massmarket.tv/ mk12.com niceshoes.com psyop.tv

Theory:

Understanding Animation
An Introduction to time based thinking

Animation-organic character animation Character Design for animation Character Animation Workflow

Technique:

Animation I

Layer properties
Keyframes + keyframe types
Motion paths
Interpolation
Value graphs+speed
Up a character for enimetion paths

Setting up a character for animation purposes 2d Rigging and Character Design The point of good parenting

Walk Cycle Animation

Class #9:

Web:

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hyperreality http://video.google.com/videoplay?docid=8369356292081076830&q=ufo

Theory:

What is Reality?

Now that you can make anything look real, can you ever believe what you see?

An Introduction to Compositing What makes an image look real?

Technique:

Rendering in 2d

Render Order

Values+Compression types and codecs Motion Blurring/shutter angles Using Transfer modes and render passes to make a composite

Compositing 101

Understanding perspective Understanding light (why shadows are important) An Intro to Color Correction Aliasing is your enemy

Understanding multipass rendering and transparency

Working with Photoshop Tools for seamless image creation (clone, masks, etc...) Using Photoshop as a design tool (importing compositions)

In class assignment #8:

Using either digital camera photos or other materials students will attempt to create a digital composite of something that could not exist in the real world. Try to incorporate these composites into digital video or moving layers.

Class #10: Web:

Theory:

Methods to control transparency-A vector vs. rastor approach

Techniques:

Masks and Transparency I

Techniques for Importing masks Drawing masks using freeform tools Animating Freeform masks over time

Masks and Transparency II

Vector Editing Rotoscoping

Masking complex characters

In class assignment #9:

The goal of this assignment will be to create the illusion of someone interacting with themselves as if you're interacting with another person. The goal of this week's assignment is to create a convincing movie which shows two of the same person interacting in a seamless manner. Students will use a camera on a tripod to shoot themselves in an environment two times and a blank background plate. Once this has been done, students will use digital techniques to composite the two versions of themselves into a single movie.

Week 3 Class #11: Web:

Theory:

An Introduction to working with bluescreens Lighting for bluescreens Image based transparency Using color or parts of an image to control what you see

Technique:

Rastor editing

An Introduction to Keying-controlling transparency through specific colors Why is it always blue or green?
From Simple to Complex
Lighting for a Key

In class assignment #10:

Part #1:

Working with a pre-supplied light kit in the SVA blue screen room, students will explore the specific techniques used to capture high quality footage for keying and composite. We will capture a large amount of footage which students will digitize and process in 2d software. Think about shooting content which is appropriate for the scope of the final project.

Part #2:

Using the digitized bluescreen footage, students will process and create interesting composites of overlaid characters interacting with each other.

Class #12:

Web:

Theory:

A General Introduction to Motion Tracking and Stabilization What is stabilization? What is motion tracking?

Technique:

Motion stabilization 101 2D vs. 3D Motion tracking-different methods for different needs. Motion Tracking-workflow (use a tripod)

Advanced Motion Tracking Perspective corner pin Integrating 3d into moving 2d footage

In class assignment #11:

If you take a look at websites like youtube or others, you'll see a proliferation of authentic ufo sightings, aliens, crop circles, or other things which could or could not be real. We've now entered an age where it's possible to make anything we want using digital technologies. This week's homework assignment will be an effort in producing inauthentic, or fake, footage. The Scenario: There has been a UFO sighting in New York City involving a part of Manhattan. Although authorities are not sure, you have captured exclusive footage of some sort of alien craft over the skylines on NYC. The Approach:

- 1. Capture handheld footage of necessary components
- 2. Stabilize and correct footage
- 3. Using google or other image database websites, find images or stockfootage of "alien" ufo object.
- 4. Using any 2d or 3d program create graphics and information displays to overlay over compositions.
- 5. Extra credit will be given for: good animation, texture, lighting work with props, 2d video treatment that realistically simulates hand held or old video, 2d or 3d effects that simulate the effects of a UFO in Manhattan. Keying/roto work which adds to drama (think little green men in big blue screen).
- 6. Extra Extra credit will be given if you can successfully plant video clip on youtube and get away with it.

Class #13:

Web:

http://wip.warnerbros.com/ascannerdarkly/ http://www.wakinglifemovie.com/

Theory:

Introduction to Painting
Animation is what moves and what doesn't
Painting in Photoshop vs. painting in After Effects

Technique:

AE 6.0 Paint Layers Vector Paint for animation Filmstrip and the Wacom

Class #14:

In class project-working on final piece

Final edited piece due at end of Class #14

Class #15:

Reedit and cleanup.

Final Project-

The final project for the three week intensive will be to create a short video piece which emphasizes the production process and is made in a thoughtful and professional manner. Students will be asked to conceptualize an idea, present and defend the idea in class, and produce the necessary elements to be editing into a final form.

The format and final approach that students use is open and the piece can be anything of interest to the student. Past projects have included video art, documentary, short film, or music video. Be creative and professional.

Group work is encouraged.